

THE TAX SUPER-DEDUCTION EXPLAINED

Capital allowances let businesses write off the cost of certain capital assets against taxable income. When tax is calculated, the depreciation deducted on the profit and loss account is "added back in" and capital allowances are deducted instead.

The 130% super-deduction is a new capital allowance for investment in new plant and machinery. There is also a 50% first year allowance for "special rate" assets.

This will encourage companies to invest in productivity-enhancing plant and machinery that will help them grow, and to make these investments now. If you are not a limited company or are purchasing used equipment see below for other allowances.

If you want to benefit from the super-deduction and invest in productivity but have better uses for your cash resources, they will still be eligible if financed on a hire purchase agreement, but not on a lease.

the tax super-deduction	annual investment allowance	standard capital allowance
<p>Available to Only companies that pay corporation tax</p> <p>Available until 31 March 2023</p> <p>Allowance 130% for equipment that would usually qualify for 18% first year allowance, and 50% for those at 6%</p> <p>Limitations New assets only. No cars.</p>	<p>Available to All types of business including sole traders and partnerships</p> <p>Available until 31 December 2021</p> <p>Allowance 100% first year allowance</p> <p>Limitations Up to £1m annual expenditure Excludes cars</p>	<p>Available to All types of business including sole traders and partnerships</p> <p>Allowance Aside from special schemes, there is a main rate of 18% first year allowance for plant and machinery. There is a lower rate of 6% for special rate items such as integral features and long life items</p>



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Read more here - <https://www.focus.finance/super-deduction/>